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## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

A phase-change memory device comprising:
 memory cells including phase-change layers formed

on a semiconductor substrate, the phase-change layer

5 showing an amorphous-crystalline phase change;

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a memory cell array which has the memory cells arranged in a matrix, the phase change layer including first regions which contact the semiconductor substrate in units of memory cells and a second region which connects the first regions arranged in a same column;

a first electrode layer formed on the second region of each phase-change layer, a contact area of each first region and the semiconductor substrate being smaller than a contact area of the second region and the first electrode layer;

a word line which connects the memory cells arranged in a same row; and

a bit line electrically connected to the first electrode layer, the bit line connecting in common the phase-change layers of the memory cells arranged in the same column.

- 2. The device according to claim 1, further comprising a contact plug which connects the first electrode layer and the bit line.
- 25 3. The device according to claim 1, wherein each phase-change layer further includes a third region interposed between the second region and each first

region, the third region having a width greater than the contact area of each first region and the semiconductor substrate, and less than the contact area of the second region and the first electrode layer.

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- 4. The device according to claim 1, further comprising a resistor element formed on the semiconductor substrate with respect to each memory cell and provided for each memory cell between the semiconductor substrate and the first region of each phase-change layer, a contact area of the resistor element and each first region being smaller than the contact area of the second region and the first electrode layer.
- 5. The device according to claim 1, further comprising a second electrode layer interposed between each first region and the semiconductor substrate.
- 6. The device according to claim 5, wherein an upper surface of the second electrode layer opposing each first region is larger than a surface of each first region opposing the second electrode layer.
- 7. The device according to claim 1, wherein each memory cell further includes a bipolar transistor formed in the semiconductor substrate, a collector or an emitter of the bipolar transistor being connected to a corresponding one of the first regions, a base of the bipolar transistor being connected to the word line.
  - 8. The device according to claim 1, wherein each

memory cell further includes a MOS transistor formed on the semiconductor substrate, a source or a drain of the MOS transistor being connected to a corresponding one of the first regions, a gate of the bipolar transistor being connected to the word line.

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- 9. The device according to claim 1, wherein the second region of each phase-change layer is in a crystalline state, and at least part of each first region of each phase-change layer assumes one of the crystalline state and an amorphous state in accordance with write data.
- 10. A phase-change memory device comprising:
   memory cells including a phase-change layer formed
  on a semiconductor substrate, the phase-change layer
  showing an amorphous-crystalline phase change;

a memory cell array which has the memory cells arranged in a matrix;

a word line which connects the memory cells arranged in a same row; and

a bit line which connects the phase-change layers of the memory cells arranged in a same column, each of the phase-change layers including first regions which contact the semiconductor substrate in units of memory cells and a second region which connects the first regions arranged in the same column and which contacts the bit line, a contact area of each first region and the semiconductor substrate being smaller than

a contact area of the second region and the bit line.

- 11. The device according to claim 10, wherein the bit line includes a first metal layer and a second metal layer contacting the second region.
- 5 12. The device according to claim 11, wherein the first metal layer has a lower resistance than the second metal layer.
  - 13. The device according to claim 10, wherein each phase-change layer further includes a third region interposed between the second region and each first region, the third region having a width greater than the contact area of the each first region and the semiconductor substrate, and less than the contact area of the second region and the bit line.

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- 14. The device according to claim 10, further comprising a resistor element formed on the semiconductor substrate with respect to each memory cell and provided between the semiconductor substrate and the first region of each phase-change layer, a contact area of the resistor element and each first region being smaller than the contact area of the second region and the bit line.
  - 15. The device according to claim 10, further comprising a second electrode layer interposed between each first region and the semiconductor substrate.
  - 16. The device according to claim 15, wherein an upper surface of the second electrode layer opposing

each first region is larger than a surface of each first region opposing the second electrode layer.

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- 17. The device according to claim 10, wherein each memory cell further includes a bipolar transistor formed in the semiconductor substrate, a collector or an emitter of the bipolar transistor being connected to a corresponding one of the first regions, a base of the bipolar transistor being connected to the word line.
- 18. The device according to claim 10, wherein each memory cell further includes a MOS transistor formed on the semiconductor substrate, a source or a drain of the MOS transistor being connected to a corresponding one of the first regions, a gate of the bipolar transistor being connected to the word line.
- 19. The device according to claim 10, wherein the second region of each phase-change layer is in a crystalline state, and at least part of each first region of each phase-change layer assumes one of the crystalline state and an amorphous state in accordance with write data.